



RZ-003-001603

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. VI) (CBCS) Examination

March - 2019

Physics : Paper - 603

(Old Course)

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 001603

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) All questions are compulsory.
(2) Symbols have their usual meanings.
(3) Figures to the right indicate marks.

- 1 Answer the following in short : **20**
- (1) A multivibrator which continuously switches from one state to another without applying input trigger pulse is called _____ multivibrator.
 - (2) Define integrating circuit.
 - (3) Write full form of SCR.
 - (4) Write full form of LDR.
 - (5) What is the number of circuits in a VLSI?
 - (6) Define monolithic IC.
 - (7) What is the full form of Op-Amp?
 - (8) An ideal Op-Amp has _____ bandwidth.
 - (9) Give the classification of ICs based on structure.
 - (10) The Op-Amp is a _____ controlled device.
 - (11) Define electrical transducers.
 - (12) Name any two nuclear transducers.

- (13) Give the relation between temperature and resistance of a metallic wire.
- (14) Give full form of LVDT.
- (15) Define multiplexer.
- (16) The _____ of the circuits is extremely reduced due to ICs.
- (17) DIAC and TRIAC are unidirectional devices. True/False?
- (18) Name two light activated thyristors,
- (19) Define clipping circuits.
- (20) Give the limitations of mechanical switch.

2 (A) Answer the following questions : (Any **Three**) **6**

- (1) Write the conditions necessary for an integrating circuit.
- (2) Explain the basic idea of a clamper.
- (3) Name four triggering methods for a thyristor.
- (4) Write four applications of thyristors.
- (5) What is meant by a freewheeling diode?
- (6) Draw the block diagram of a temperature controller circuit and explain.

(B) Answer the following questions : (Any **Three**) **9**

- (1) Write advantages of electronic circuits.
- (2) Explain with a neat diagram working of positive clipper.
- (3) Give comparison between transistors and thyristors.
- (4) Explain construction and working of DIAC.
- (5) Explain with a neat diagram the working of OFF at dark circuit.
- (6) Explain with a neat diagram the working of water level indicator circuit.

(C) Answer the following questions : (Any **Two**) **10**

- (1) Explain how a transistor works as a switch.
- (2) Explain astable multivibrator with neat circuit diagram.
- (3) Explain two transistor analogy of SCR.
- (4) Explain principle of operation and characteristics of SCR.
- (5) Explain the working of light operated SCR alarm circuit.

3 (A) Answer the following questions : (Any **Three**) **6**

- (1) Name the two methods used to produce thin film ICs.
- (2) Give four disadvantages of monolithic ICs.
- (3) Write the equation for capacitance of a capacitor.
- (4) Explain tachometer with a neat diagram.
- (5) Define sequential logic circuit.
- (6) Draw a pin diagram of IC 555 timer.

(B) Answer the following questions : (Any **Three**) **9**

- (1) Write the characteristics of an ideal op-amp.
- (2) Explain the use of Op-amp as voltage comparator.
- (3) Write a note on resistive pressure transducer.
- (4) Explain strain gauge.
- (5) A platinum wire with $R_0 = 100\Omega$ and $\alpha = 0.00385$ is kept in an environment at $100^\circ C$. What is its resistance?
- (6) Explain R-S flip flop with its truth table.

(C) Answer the following questions : (Any **Two**) **10**

- (1) Explain how an NPN transistor is fabricated in monolithic structure.
 - (2) Explain the use of op-amp as an adder.
 - (3) Explain construction and working of LVDT.
 - (4) Explain construction and working of thermocouples.
 - (5) Draw a neat circuit diagram of an astable multivibrator using IC 555 and obtain expression for its frequency.
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